that may relate to the violations alleged in the prepenalty notice. The Department shall also preserve such documents or data upon the issuance of the prepenalty notice.

[74 FR 2751, Jan. 15, 2009]

§ 30.75 Response to prepenalty notice.

- (a) The response shall be in a format prescribed in the prepenalty notice. The response shall address the factors set forth in §30.80 and include any arguments opposing the imposition of a civil money penalty that the respondent may wish to present.
- (b) In any case where respondent seeks to raise ability to pay as an affirmative defense or argument in mitigation, the respondent shall provide documentary evidence as part of its response.

[74 FR 2751, Jan. 15, 2009]

§ 30.80 Factors in determining amount of civil money penalty.

After determining that a respondent has committed a violation as described in subpart B of this part that subjects the respondent to liability under this part, the officials designated in subpart B of this part shall consider the following factors to determine the amount of penalty to seek against a respondent, if any:

- (a) The gravity of the offense;
- (b) Any history of prior offenses;
- (c) The ability to pay the penalty, which ability shall be presumed unless specifically raised as an affirmative defense or mitigating factor by the respondent;
 - (d) The injury to the public;
- (e) Any benefits received by the violator;
- (f) The extent of potential benefit to other persons;
 - (g) Deterrence of future violations;
- (h) The degree of the violator's culpability;
- (i) With respect to Urban Homestead violations under §30.30, the expenditures made by the violator in connection with any gross profit derived; and
- (j) Such other matters as justice may require.
- (k) In addition to the above factors, with respect to violations under §§ 30.45, 30.55, 30.60, and 30.68, the Assist-

ant Secretary for Housing—Federal Housing Commissioner, or his or her designee, or the Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing, or his or her designee, shall also consider:

- (1) Any injury to tenants; and/or
- (2) Any injury to lot owners.
- (1) HUD may consider the factors listed in paragraphs (a) through (k) of this section to determine the appropriateness of imposing a penalty under §30.35(c)(2); however, HUD cannot change the amount of the penalty under §30.35(c)(2).

[74 FR 2751, Jan. 15, 2009]

§ 30.85 Complaint.

- (a) General. Upon the expiration of the period for the respondent to submit a response to the prepenalty notice, the official designated in subpart B of this part, or his or her designee (or the Mortgagee Review Board in actions under §30.35) shall determine whether to seek a civil money penalty. Such determination shall be based upon a review of the prepenalty notice, the response, if any, and the factors listed at §30.80. A determination by the Mortgagee Review Board to seek a civil money penalty shall be by a majority vote of the Board.
- (b) If a determination is made to seek a civil money penalty, government counsel shall issue a complaint to the respondent on behalf of the officials listed at subpart B of this part or the Mortgagee Review Board for violations under §30.35. The complaint shall be served upon respondent and simultaneously filed with the Office of Administrative Law Judges, and shall state the following:
- (1) The factual basis for the decision to seek a penalty;
- (2) The applicable civil money penalty statute:
 - (3) The amount of penalty sought;
- (4) The right to submit a response in writing, within 15 days of receipt of the complaint, requesting a hearing on any material fact in the complaint, or on the appropriateness of the penalty sought;
- (5) The address to which a response must be sent;
- (6) That the failure to submit a response may result in the imposition of the penalty in the amount sought.